## KOLKATA METRO NETWORKS LIMITED Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	3	20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
Total non-current assets		20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
(2) Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	4.1	23,45,105	54,77,232
(ii) Loans	4.2	2,47,60,727	2,47,60,727
(b) Current tax assets (net)	5	(1,99,674)	8,15,817
(c) Other current assets	6	12,60,862	45,512
Total current assets		2,81,67,020	3,10,99,288
TOTAL ASSETS		23,02,28,600	16,69,55,938
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	7.1	17,05,00,000	17,05,00,000
(b) Other equity	7.2	3,76,56,001	(2,89,97,789)
Total equity		20,81,56,001	14,15,02,211
Liabilities			
(1) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	8	38,17,234	(36,95,136)
Total non-current liabilities		38,17,234	(36,95,136)
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	9.1	1,61,54,512	2,90,38,004
(ii) Trade payables	9.2		
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		6,256	-
(ii) Other financial liabilities	9.3	-	44,630
(b) Other current liabilities	10	20,94,597	66,229
Total current liabilities		1,82,55,365	2,91,48,863
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,20,72,599	2,54,53,727
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		23,02,28,600	16,69,55,938
The accompanying notes 1 to 21 are an integral part of these financial statem	ents		
As per our report of even date attached	For and on behalf	of the Board of Directors	
For P D Rungta & Co.		letworks Limited	
Charetered Acountants Firm registration no.: 001150C	CIN : U23209WE	31989PLC047337	
	Sd/-		Sd/-
Sd/-			
Harsh Satish Udeshi Destroa	Vineet Garg		Kumar Ajit
Partner Membership No.: 301889	Director DIN-06935347		Director DIN-08105941
	Sd/-		Sd/-
	Pulak Banerjee		Vikash Khanna

Pulak Banerjee Company Secretary FCS - 3075

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021 Sd/-Vikash Khanna CFO

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021

KOLKATA METRO NETWORKS LIMITED	
Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended 31st March, 2021	

	Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.	Year ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Ι	Revenue from operations	11	1,05,31,945	66,28,752
Π	Other income	12	1,28,85,629	62,97,309
Ш	Total income (I+II)		2,34,17,574	1,29,26,061
IV	Expenses			
	Employee Benefit Expense	13	1,80,000	1,80,000
	Finance costs	14	14,92,210	1,24,955
	Other expenses	15	1,01,22,684	66,61,387
	Total expenses (IV)		1,17,94,895	69,66,342
V	Profit before tax (III-IV)		1,16,22,679	59,59,719
VI	Tax expense			
	- Current tax	16	19,51,449	3,15,977
	- Deferred tax [charge/(credit)]		-	-
	Total tax expense (VI)		19,51,449	3,15,977
VII	Profit for the year (V-VI)		96,71,230	56,43,742
viii	Other comprehensive income			
,	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss :			
	Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments		6,44,94,930	(13,51,89,750)
	Income tax relating to these items	16	(75,12,370)	1,57,46,902
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax (VIII)	10	5,69,82,560	(11,94,42,848
IX	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII)		6,66,53,790	(11,37,99,106
	Earnings per equity share: [Nominal value per share Rs.10 (Previous Year Rs. 10)]			
	Basic (Rs.)		0.57	0.33
The a	Diluted (Rs.)		0.57	0.33
As po For <b>F</b> Char	er our report of even date attached <b>D Rungta &amp; Co.</b> etered Acountants registration no.: 001150C	For and on behalf of th <b>Kolkata Metro Netwo</b> CIN : U23209WB1989	rks Limited	
Sd/-		Sd/-		Sd/-
Hars	h Satish Udeshi	Vineet Garg	ŀ	Kumar Ajit
Partn Mem	er bership No.301889	Director DIN-06935347		Director DIN-08105941
		Sd/-		Sd/-
		Pulak Banerjee		Vikash Khanna

	Company Secretary FCS - 3075	CFO
Place: Kolkata	Place: Kolkata	Place: Kolkata
Date : 10 May, 2021	Date : 10 May, 2021	Date : 10 May, 2021

## KOLKATA METRO NETWORKS LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2021 (All amounts in Rs. unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital			
Description	Note	Number of Shares	Amount
			Rs.
As at 1st April, 2019	7.1	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000
Changes in equity share capital	7.1	-	-
As at 31st March, 2020	7.1	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000
Changes in equity share capital	7.1	-	-
As at 31st March, 2021		1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000

## B. Other equity

Description	Reserve and surplus	Item of Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	Equity Instruments through OCI	
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	(66,13,317)	9,14,14,634	8,48,01,317
Profit for the year	56,43,742	-	56,43,742
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	(11,94,42,848)	(11,94,42,848)
Total comprehensive income for the year	56,43,742	(11,94,42,847)	(11,37,99,106)
Others	-	-	-
Balance at 31st March 2020	(9,69,575)	(2,80,28,214)	(2,89,97,789)

Description	Reserve and surplus	Item of Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments through OCI	
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	(9,69,575)	(2,80,28,214)	(2,89,97,789)
Profit for the year	96,71,230	-	96,71,230
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	5,69,82,560	5,69,82,560
Total comprehensive income for the period	96,71,230	5,69,82,560	6,66,53,790
Others	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	87,01,655	2,89,54,346	3,76,56,001

The accompanying notes 1 to 21 are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For P D Rungta & Co. Charetered Acountants Firm registration no.: 001150C

Harsh Satish Udeshi Partner

Membership No.301889

Place: Kolkata Date: 10 May, 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Kolkata Metro Networks Limited CIN: U23209WB1989PLC047337

Vineet Garg Director DIN-06935347

**Pulak Banerjee** Company Secretary FCS - 3075

Place: Kolkata Date: 10 May, 2021 Kumar Ajit Director DIN-08105941

Vikash Khanna CFO

Place: Kolkata Date: 10 May, 2021

## KOLKATA METRO NETWORKS LIMITED Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March, 2021

	31st Mar	Year Ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.		Year Ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.	
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities					
Profit Before Tax		1,16,22,679		59,59,719	
Adjustment for:					
Dividend Income	(1,28,25,000)		(57,00,000)		
Finance Expenses	14,92,210		1,24,955		
Liabilities/Provisions no longer required written back	-		(5,55,000)		
		(1,13,32,790)		(61,30,045)	
Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		2,89,889		(1,70,326)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	6,256		-		
Increase / (Decrease) in Other financial liabilities	(44,630)		44,630		
Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	20,28,368		(12,29,971)		
(Increase) in Other current assets	(12,15,350)		(45,512)		
		7,74,644		(12,30,853)	
Cash Generated from Operations		10,64,533		(14,01,179)	
Direct Taxes (net of refund)		(9,35,959)		2,77,367	
Net cash used in Operating Activities		1,28,575		(11,23,813)	
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities					
Dividend Received	1,28,25,000		57,00,000		
Payments to acquire investments	(17,10,000)				
		1,11,15,000		57,00,000	
Net Cash from Investing Activities		1,12,43,575		45,76,187	
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities					
Increase / (Decrease) of short term borrowings	(1,28,83,492)		37,878		
Interest Paid	(14,92,210)		(1,24,829)		
		(1,43,75,702)		(86,951)	
Net cash used in Financing Activities		(1,43,75,702)		(86,951)	
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(31,32,127)	-	44,89,236	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year (Refer Note: 4.1)		54,77,232		9,87,996	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note: 4.1)		23,45,105	-	54,77,232	

#### Notes:

1 The above Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in Ind AS -7 " Statement of Cash Flows".

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Statement of Cash Flows.

This is the Standalone Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date attached.

As per our report of even date attached For **P D Rungta & Co.** Charetered Acountants Firm registration no.: 001150C

Sd/-

Harsh Satish Udeshi Partner Membership No.: 301889

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Kolkata Metro Networks Limited** CIN : U23209WB1989PLC047337

Sd/-

Vineet Garg Director DIN-06935347

Sd/-

**Pulak Banerjee** *Company Secretary* FCS - 3075

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021 Sd/-

Kumar Ajit Director DIN-08105941

Sd/-

Vikash Khanna CFO

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021

#### Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

#### 1 Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its standalone financial statements are listed below. Such accounting policies have been applied consistently to all the periods presented in these standalone financial statements.

#### (a) Basis of the Preparation of the Financial Statements

#### (i) Compliance with Ind AS

These standalone financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') [Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

#### (ii) Basis of measurement

### (a) Historical cost convention

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that is measured at fair value.

#### (b) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (Rs.), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (iii) Current versus non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1 - Presentation of financial statement based on the nature of products / service and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing / providing the services and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current, non current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### (b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

#### Licence Fees

- Revenue from Music licensing where the customer obtains a "right to use" is recognized at the time the license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to access" is recognized over the access period.

Revenue from related parties is recognised based on transaction price which is at arm's length.

#### Dividend Income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's rights to receive payment have been established.

#### (c) Investments (Other than Investments in Subsidiaries) and Other Financial Assets

### (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### (ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Equity Instruments: The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in 'Other Income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

#### (iii) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 20 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments', which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

#### (iv) Derecognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

#### (v) Income Recognition

Dividend : Dividend is recognised in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (vi) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis and available quoted market prices. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realised.

#### (d) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

#### (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

#### Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

#### (f) Trade and Other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### (g) Employee Benefits

Liabilities for short-term employees benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as 'Employee Benefits Payable' within 'Other Current Liabilities' in the Balance Sheet.

#### (h) Income Tax

The income tax expense for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax credits and to unused tax losses, as applicable.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, if any, only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences, tax credits and losses.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, if any. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### (i) Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

#### (j) Earnings per Share

(i) Basic Earnings per Share Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

• the profit attributable to owners of the Company

· by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year

(ii) Diluted Earnings per Share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

• the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any.

#### (k) Recent accounting pronouncements- Standard issued but not yet effective

Mininstry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1 April 2020.

#### 2 Critical Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions, that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

#### Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19 (COVID 19):

The Company has considered the possible risk that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of assets including inventories, receivables, investments and other financial and non-financial assets. As per the assessment carried out by the management based on the internal and external information available upto the date of approval of these standalone financial statements, the Company does not foresee any uncertainty related to recoverability or liquidation of the aforesaid assets.

However, the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration. The impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these standalone financial statements and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

# 3 Non-current Investments

Particulars	Face value of each unit	Number As at 31st March, 2021	Number As at 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income Ouoted - Fully Paid Equity Shares					
Quoted - Fully Faid Equity Shares					
CESC Limited	Rs.10	2,85,000	2,85,000	16,91,61,750	11,64,36,750
RPSG Ventures Limited (formerly CESC Ventures Limited)	Rs.10	57,000	57,000	1,92,17,550	67,23,150
Spencers Retail Limited (formerly RP-SG Retail Limited)	Rs.5	1,93,800	1,71,000	1,36,82,280	1,26,96,750
Total non-current investments				20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
Aggregate carrying vlaue of quoted investments and market value thereof				20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
Aggregate provision for impairment in the value of investments				-	-

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

## 4 Financial assets (current)

# 4.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Bank Balances Current Accounts	23,45,105	54,77,232
Total cash and cash equivalents	23,45,105	54,77,232

# 4.2 Loans and Advances

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Loans and Advances to Related Parties Unsecured, considered Good	2,47,60,727	2,47,60,727
Total loans and advances	2,47,60,727	2,47,60,727

## 5 Current Tax Assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Advance payment of Income Tax and Tax Deducted at Source (net of Provision for Taxation Rs.19,51,449 (31.03.20 Rs 3,15,977))	(1,99,674)	8,15,817
Total Current Tax Assets (net)	(1,99,674)	8,15,817

## 6 Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Balances with Government Authorities	12,60,862	45,512
Total other current assets	12,60,862	45,512

## KOLKATA METRO NETWORKS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 7.1 Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Number of Shares	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Number of Shares	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Authorised Ordinary Shares of Rs.10 each	2,00,00,000	20,00,00,000	2,00,00,000	20,00,00,000
Issued Ordinary Shares of Rs.10 each	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000
Subscribed and fully paid up Ordinary Shares of Rs.10 each	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000

#### Reconciliation of number of ordinary shares outstanding

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Number of Shares	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Number of Shares	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
As at the beginning of the year	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000
As at the end of the year	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000

## Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares are eligible to receive remaining assets of the Company in proportion to their shareholding.

#### Shares held by holding company

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	Number of shares held	Amount Rs.	Number of shares held	Amount Rs.
Saregama India Limited	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000	1,70,50,000	17,05,00,000

### Details of Shares held by Shareholders holding more than 5 % of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2021		the Shareholder As at 31st March, 2021 As at 31st March, 2020		larch, 2020
	Number of shares	Holding percentage	Number of shares	Holding	
	held		held	percentage	
Saregama India Limited	1,70,50,000	100%	1,70,50,000	100%	

### 7.2 Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
	Rs.	Rs.
Retained earnings	87,01,655	(9,69,575)
Equity Instrument through OCI	2,89,54,346	(2,80,28,214)
Total Other Equity	3,76,56,001	(2,89,97,789)

Retained Earnings: This Reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company and effects of remeasurement of defined benefit obligations. This Reserve can be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
	Rs.	Rs.
Balance at the beginning of the year	(9,69,575)	(66,13,317)
Net profit for the period	96,71,230	56,43,742
Balance at the end of the year	87,01,655	(9,69,575)

Equity Instruments through OCI: This Reserve represents the cumulative gains (net of losses) arising on the revaluation of Equity Instruments at fair value though Other Comprehensive Income, net of amounts reclassified, if any, to Retained Earnings when those instruments are disposed of.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
FVOCI equity instruments	K3.	N3.
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2,80,28,214)	9,14,14,634
Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments during the year	6,44,94,930	(13,51,89,750)
Deferred tax	(75,12,370)	1,57,46,902
Balance at the end of the year	2,89,54,346	(2,80,28,214)

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

# 8 Deferred tax liability (net)

The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Deferred tax liability		
Fair Value changes on financial assets-equity instruments	38,17,234	(36,95,136)
Total deferred tax liability	38,17,234	(36,95,136)

### 9 Financial liabilities (Current)

### 9.1 Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Loans and Advances from Related Parties		
Unsecured, repayable on demand	1,61,54,335	37,878
Interest Accrued but not due	177	126
Inter Corporate Deposits		
Unsecured, repayable on demand	-	2,90,00,000
Total Borrowings (Current)	1,61,54,512	2,90,38,004

### 9.2 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Trade Payables a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises* b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	6,256	-
Total Trade Payables	6,256	-

\* On the basis of information available with the Company, there are no Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues during the year and also as at 31st March, 2021 and in the previous periods.

## 9.3 Other financial liabilities

	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Employee Benefits Payable	-	44,630
Total Other Financial Liabilities	-	44,630

## 10 Other Current Liabilities

	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Amount Payable to Government Authorities	20,44,597	21,230
Provision for Expense	50,000	44,999
Total Other Current Liabilities	20,94,597	66,229

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 11 Revenue From Operations

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.	Year ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Sale of Services Licence Fees	1,05,31,945	66,28,752
Total Revenue from Operations	1,05,31,945	66,28,752

### Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is diaggregated by primary geograpy market and timing of revenue recognition. The Company believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing of our revenues and cash flows are affected by geography and other economic factors :

Licence	Licence Fees	
Year ended	Year ended 31st March, 2020	
31st March, 2021		
Rs.	Rs.	
1,05,31,945	66,28,752	
-	-	
1,05,31,945	66,28,752	
1,05,31,945	66,28,752	
-	-	
1,05,31,945	66,28,752	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs. 1,05,31,945 - 1,05,31,945 1,05,31,945 -	

Contract balances relating to receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers is Rs.Nil (31 March, 2020 Rs.Nil).

## 12 Other Income

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.	Year ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Liabilities/Provisions no longer required written back	-	5,55,000
Interest Income (Gross)		
- on Income Tax Refund	60,629	42,309
Dividend income from equity investments designated at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income*	1,28,25,000	57,00,000
Total Other Income	1,28,85,629	62,97,309

\* All dividends from equity invetsments designated at FVOCI relate to invetsments held at the end of the reporting period.

## 13 Employee Benefits Expense

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.	Year ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Salaries and Wages	1,80,000	1,80,000
Total Employee Benefits Expense	1,80,000	1,80,000

# 14 Finance Cost

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.	Year ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Interest Expenses	14,92,210	1,24,955
Total Finance Costs	14,92,210	1,24,955

# 15 Other Expenses

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 Rs.	Year ended 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Royalties	1,00,30,424	63,13,097
Rates and Taxes	-	87,722
Legal/Consultancy Expenses	30,000	2,10,352
Payment to Auditors	50,000	50,000
Miscellaneous Expense	12,260	217
Total Other Expense	1,01,22,684	66,61,387

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

## 16 Income Tax Expenses

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 (Rs.)	Year ended 31st March, 2020 (Rs.)
A. Amount Recognised in Profit or Loss		
Current Tax		
Current Tax on Profits for the Year	19,51,449	3,15,977
Adjustment for Current Tax of Earlier Years	-	-
Total Current Tax	19,51,449	3,15,977
Deferred Tax		
Decrease/ (Increase) in deferred tax assets	-	-
(Decrease)/ Increase in deferred tax liabilities	-	-
Total Deferred Tax Expense Charge/(Credit)	-	-
Total Income Tax Expense	19,51,449	3,15,977

## B. Amount Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 (Rs.)	Year ended 31st March, 2020 (Rs.)
The tax (charge)/credit arising on income and expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is as follows: <b>Deferred Tax</b>		
On items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Fair Value of equity Investment through OCI	(75,12,370)	1,57,46,902
Total	(75,12,370)	1,57,46,902

## C. Numerical Reconciliation of Income Tax Expense to Prima Facie Tax Payable

	Year ended 31st March, 2021 (Rs.)	Year ended 31st March, 2020 (Rs.)
Profit Before Tax	1,16,22,679	59,59,719
Income tax expense calculated @ 27.30% (2019- 15.60%)	31,72,991	9,29,716
Adjustments:		
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income		
Income exempt from income taxes	-	(8,89,200)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	2,75,461
Other Adjustement	(12,21,542)	-
Income Tax Expense	19,51,449	3,15,977

The tax rate used in the above reconciliation for the year 2020-21 is the tax rate of 27.30% (25.00% + surcharge @ 5% and education cess @ 4%) as against tax rate of 15.60% (15.00% + surcharge @ Nil% and education cess @ 4%) for the year 2019-20 payable on taxable profits under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

## KOLKATA METRO NETWORKS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

17 Related Party Disclosures in keeping with Ind AS 24

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship
Composure Services Private Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
Saregama India Limited (SIL)	Holding Company
RPG Global Music Limited (RPGG)	Fellow Subsidiary Company
Saregama Plc	Fellow Subsidiary Company
Open Media Network Praivate Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company
Saregama Inc.	Fellow Subsidiary Company
Saregama FZE	Fellow Subsidiary Company

Particulars	Period	SIL Holding Company	RPGG Fellow Subsidiary
Transactions with related parties			
Interest Expense	Current Period Previous Period	<b>14,87,194</b> 1,05,375	
Licence Fees ( Income )	Current Period Previous Period	<b>1,05,31,945</b> 66,28,752	-
Reimbursement of Expense paid/payable	Current Period Previous Period	<b>1,00,30,424</b> 63,13,097	-
Repayment of Advance	Current Period Previous Period	<b>1,00,00,000</b> 19,17,960	-
Receipt towards Advance	Current Period Previous Period	<b>2,61,16,634</b> 19,55,838	-
Balance outstanding at year end.			
Borrowings	Current Period Previous Period	<b>1,61,54,512</b> 37,878	-
Loans & Advances	Current Period Previous Period		<b>2,47,60,727</b> 2,47,60,727

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 18 Fair Value Measurements

## (i) Financial Instruments by Category

		Note No	As at 31st March, 2021 Carrying Amount / Fair Value Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Carrying Amount / Fair Value Rs.
A.	Financial Assets			
(a)	Measured at Fair Value through OCI Investments			
	Equity Instruments	3	20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
	Sub to	otal	20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
(b)	Measured at Amortised Cost			
	Cash and cash equivalents	4.1	23,45,105	54,77,232
	Loans	4.2	2,47,60,727	2,47,60,727
	Sub to	otal	2,71,05,832	3,02,37,959
	Total Financial	Assets	22,91,67,412	16,60,94,609
B.	Financial Liabilities			
	Measured at Amortised Cost			
	Borrowings	9.1	1,61,54,512	2,90,38,004
	Trade payables	9.2	6,256	-
	Other financial liabilities	9.3	-	44,630
	Total Financial Liab	ilities	1,61,60,768	2,90,82,634

## (ii) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows below.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted price included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using market approach and valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the fair value is determined using generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparty.

The fair value of trade payables, other Current financial assets and liabilities is considered to be equal to the carrying amounts of these items due to their short-term nature. Where such items are Non-current in nature, the same has been classified as Level 3 and fair value determined using discounted cash flow basis.

There has been no change in the valuation methodology for Level 3 inputs during the year. The Company has not classified any material financial instruments under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year.

Particulars	Fair Value Hierarchy Level	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs.	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs.
Financial Assets			
Measured at Fair Value through OCI			
Investments			
Equity Instruments (Quoted)	1	20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650
		20,20,61,580	13,58,56,650

## Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

# 19 Capital Management

# (a) Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to

• safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and

• maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of overall debt portfolio of the Company.

Net debt implies total borrowings of the Company as reduced by Cash and Cash Equivalent and Equity comprises all components attributable to the owners of the Company

The following table summarises the capital of the Company:

Total Borrowings	As at 31st March, 2021 Rs. 1,61,54,512	As at 31st March, 2020 Rs. 2,90,38,004
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(23,45,105)	(54,77,232)
Net Debt	1,38,09,407	2,35,60,772
Equity	20,81,56,001	14,15,02,211
Net Debt to Equity Ratio	6.63%	16.65%

No changes were made to the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020.

# Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

## 20 Financial Risk Management

The Company has a system-based approach to risk management, anchored to policies and procedures and internal financial controls aimed at ensuring early identification, evaluation and management of key financial risks (such as market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk) that may arise as a consequence of its business operations as well as its investing and financing activities.

Accordingly, the Company's risk management framework has the objective of ensuring that such risks are managed within acceptable and approved risk parameters in a disciplined and consistent manner and in compliance with applicable regulation. It also seeks to drive accountability in this regard.

This Note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

## (A) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counterparty resulting in a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily Trade Receivables) and from its investing activities (primarily Deposits with Banks).

## Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. Customer credit risk is managed by respective segment subject to the Company's policy and procedures which involve credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company's exposure to trade receivables on the reporting date, stood at Rs. Nil (31st March, 2020 – Rs. Nil).

## **Other Financial Assets**

Credit risk from balances with banks and investments is managed by Company's finance department. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties who meet the minimum threshold requirements. The Company monitors ratings, credit spreads and financial strength of its counterparties. As these counter parties are Group Companies with investment grade credit ratings and taking into account the experience of the Company over time, the counter party risk attached to such assets is considered to be insignificant.

## (B) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company fails to honour its financial obligations in accordance with terms of contract. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

The following table shows a maturity analysis of the anticipated cash flows including interest obligations for the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis (all payable within 12 months), which therefore does not differ from their carrying value as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Non-derivative financial liabilities	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	Rs.	Rs.
(i) Borrowings including interest obligation	1,61,54,512	2,90,38,004
(ii) Trade payables	6,256	-
(iii) Other financial liabilities	-	44,630
	1,61,60,768	2,90,82,634

The Company does not have Derivative Financial Liabilities as at the end of above mentioned reporting periods.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

## (C) Market Risk

## (i) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company transacts business only in local currency and is therefore not exposed to foreign currency risk.

### (ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt interest obligation. Further the Company engages in financing activities at market linked rates, any changes in the interest rate environment may impact future rates of borrowings. To manage this, the Company may enter into interest rate swaps. The exposure of the Company's financial liabilities as at 31st March 2021 to interest rate risk is Rs.16,154,512 (31st March, 2020 - Rs.29,038,004).

Increase/ decrease of 50 basis points (holiding all other variables constant) in interest rates at the balance sheet date would result in an impact (decrease/increase of finance cost) of Rs.80,773 and Rs.145,190 on profit before tax for the year ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020 respectively.

### (iii) Securities Price Risk

Securities price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded prices. The Company is not an active investor in equity markets; it continues to hold certain investments in equity for long term value accretion which are accordingly measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income. The value of investments in such equity instruments as at 31st March, 2021 is Rs. 202,061,580 (31st March , 2020 - Rs. 135,856,650). Accordingly, fair value fluctuations arising from market volatility is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

21 Previous year's figures have been regrouped or re-arranged, where considered necessary, to conform to the current year's classification.

The accompanying notes 1 to 21 are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For **P D Rungta & Co.** Charetered Acountants Firm registration no.: 001150C

Sd/-

Harsh Satish Udeshi Partner Membership No.301889

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Kolkata Metro Networks Limited** CIN: U23209WB1989PLC047337

Sd/-

Vineet Garg Director DIN-06935347

Sd/-

**Pulak Banerjee** *Company Secretary* FCS - 3075

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021 Sd/-

Kumar Ajit Director DIN-08105941

Sd/-

Vikash Khanna CFO

Place: Kolkata Date : 10 May, 2021